

# UCL WAYS OF WORKING FOR PROFESSIONAL SERVICES STEPS TO DEVELOPMENT

The UCL Ways of Working for professional services supports colleagues to be successful and happy at UCL through sharing expectations around how we work.

The framework enables individuals, teams and leaders to set clear expectations, support development, have quality conversations and be their best in the workplace. The Descriptor table below is broken down into grade-relevant supporting indicators and steps to development in the rest of the document.



PERSONAL EXCELLENCE	
<b>Commitment</b>	We are persistent in our shared commitment to our goals, our overall mission, and to taking care of ourselves, our students and each other.
<b>Outstanding Service</b>	We take pride in delivering a positive and proactive service to our colleagues and communities, striving for high quality outcomes and smarter ways of working.
<b>Integrity</b>	We insist of honesty, inclusion and respect for each other in line with UCL's core values, recognising excellence in different forms. We take full accountability for our actions and leading by positive example.

WORKING TOGETHER	
<b>Communication</b>	We communicate with intention and clarity, building strong relationships – listening and responding with fairness and compassion
<b>Collaboration</b>	We work creatively in empowered cross-functional teams and partnerships where we build trust and recognise each other's contributions.
<b>Shared Learning</b>	We create learning-focused working environments, where we ask challenging questions, encourage respectful inquiry, seek continuous improvement and development, and value constructive feedback.

ACHIEVING OUR MISSION	
<b>Vision</b>	We know why our work is important, and we respond to the 'bigger picture', drawing out opportunities through being ambitious, united and forward -thinking.
<b>Innovative Practice</b>	We review our practices and innovate where necessary to use our resources effectively, to achieve our long-term aims and support our objectives.
<b>Ownership</b>	We understand our responsibilities for delivering timely and effective outcomes, which we achieve through decisive, clear strategies, and well-communicated, consultative plans.

# THE UCL WAYS OF WORKING STEPS TO DEVELOPMENT

## GRADE 6

The **Ways of Working Steps to Development** gives examples of typical behaviours that *support* or *hinder* the central Ways of Working, and provides suggestions for development, through on the job learning, peer learning and formal training. These indicators can be used for activities such as appraisals and personal/ professional development. Although the indicators are listed as relevant to grades, the design assumes that staff will also model behaviours indicated below their current grade.

PERSONAL EXCELLENCE		GRADE 6
<b>Supporting Indicators for Personal Excellence</b>	<b>Being consistent and doing what you say you will do.</b>	
<b>Examples of behaviours that may hinder Personal Excellence</b>	Being inconsistent in what you say what you will do, depending on who asks you.	Getting overloaded and not always agreeing to do too much.
<b>Steps towards development</b>	Focus on being very clear about what you can provide to people with the time you have available. Push back and discuss with your manager in the early stages if you can see a potential problem looming. Be open to re-prioritising based on that discussion. Consider some training on time management, or look on LinkedIn Learning.	
<b>Supporting Indicators for Personal Excellence</b>	<b>Having a positive and helpful approach to work.</b>	
<b>Examples of behaviours that may hinder Personal Excellence</b>	Treating work as a chore rather than a source of pride.	Sticking to tasks when you're over stretched and you may be risking negative personal or professional consequences if you carry on.
<b>Steps towards development</b>	How do people see you at work? It is often hard to know whether you come across as a colleague and your manager to assess where you may need to focus. Consider your usual response it may be that you are feeling over-stretched. Talk to your manager about ways to ease work pressure.	
<b>Supporting Indicators for Personal Excellence</b>	<b>Understanding your responses to stress, and developing personal resilience strategies</b>	
<b>Examples of behaviours that may hinder Personal Excellence</b>	Not recognising or acknowledging stress-	Pushing yourself excessively when you feel stressed, without asking for support
<b>Steps towards development</b>	Resilience can be developed through recognising and practicing techniques that work and change and your own effective coping strategies. This can prepare you to quickly recognise and respond to stressful situations as they arise. Part of personal resilience is to recognise early signs of stress and seek support. Discuss your strategies with your manager and familiarise yourself with the UCL policy on Managing Stress at work. Use LinkedIn learning or resilience training opportunities to understand how different techniques can boost your resilience.	

<b>Supporting Indicators for Personal Excellence</b>	<b>Taking proactive steps where you see an opportunity to fulfil a need.</b>	
<b>Examples of behaviours that may hinder Personal Excellence</b>	Waiting to be told what to do without taking any personal initiative.	Consistently taking proactive steps at the expense of set objectives and wandering off course from your main priorities.
<b>Steps towards development</b>	<p>Have a conversation with your manager or relevant stakeholders about where and when they would expect you to act on your own initiative, and when they would want you to consult.</p> <p>Experiment with suggesting an answer rather than stating problems. This will signal your proactivity. Ask for explanations around decision-making rationales so that you can understand the thinking and come up with a proactive ideas for next time.</p>	
<b>Supporting Indicators for Personal Excellence</b>	<b>Understanding personal obligations to, and acting in accordance with UCL's commitments to inclusion and well-being.</b>	
<b>Examples of behaviours that may hinder Personal Excellence</b>	Not understanding what is meant by inclusion or well-being.	Understanding what is meant by inclusion
<b>Steps towards development</b>	<p>UCL is London's Global University. Our colleagues, students and partners come from all over the globe. Building on our collective knowledge and expertise requires us all to treat each other with respect and fairness. This ensures we can all contribute our best ideas and excel at work. To achieve this, each of us needs to develop our awareness of and commitment to (inter)cultural sensitivity and agility.</p> <p>Upskill yourself on what UCL means by inclusion. Consider key areas where inclusivity issues are directly relevant to your area of work / team – this will impact all areas of employee life from recruitment and progression to how you run meeting agendas. Spend some time learning about UCL's commitment to inclusion and speak to your HR expert if in doubt.</p> <p>Think about how you and members of your team understand inclusion. Notice patterns of behaviour that don't adhere to UCL's commitments.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Raise any concerns and make suggestions where you feel your team can improve their response to issues relating to inclusion or well-being. Use UCL channels such as 'Report + Support' and 'Full Stop' if your concerns are not being addressed. Look at the Equality, Diversity &amp; Inclusion website for staff and students at UCL. Here you will find information on equality, diversity and inclusion, including sexual orientation, and disability, amongst other equalities initiatives at UCL. You will also find information on how to raise a concern or make a suggestion.</li> <li>2. Raise any concerns and make suggestions where you feel your team could do better in response to inclusion or well-being agendas.</li> </ol>	
<b>Supporting Indicators for Personal Excellence</b>	<b>Delivering work to agreed standards.</b>	
<b>Examples of behaviours that may hinder Personal Excellence</b>	Not really focusing on the quality of outcomes, and making continual mistakes that imply a lack of attention.	Spending too long on individual pieces of work because you want to make it 'perfect'.
<b>Steps towards development</b>	<p>Once you are clear about where you might improve the quality of your work, discuss your issues with your manager, and seek out advice or training to support your needs.</p> <p>Be clear about other people's expectations around your work. Have upfront conversations around what you can achieve in the time window you have. Agree on what level / amount of work you can deliver.</p>	

<b>Supporting Indicators for Personal Excellence</b>	<b>Responding to colleague, student and stakeholder needs with the intention to provide an excellent service.</b>	
<b>Examples of behaviours that may hinder Personal Excellence</b>	Providing late or incomplete responses, ones that do not solve the issue.	Ü^• ] [ ] ää } * Á , äc@Á äcc '^Á' ^çäâ äc^Á [ 'Á
<b>Steps towards development</b>	<p>Gain an understanding of what excellent service in your area should be. Without this baseline it is hard to measure how you are performing. Talk to your manager about conversations or training you might need to get up to speed. Excellent service is underpinned by a commitment to treating people fairly and with respect.</p> <p>Consider how your responses are landing with your stakeholders. How might you adjust ^ [ ~ !Á!^• ] [ ] •^•Á } ^çcÁcä { ^Ác [ Á!^ä ~ &amp;^Áæ { ää * ~ äc^Áæ } äÁ^ { æä D ] @ [ ] ^Ác!æ- , &amp;ÑÁÖ [ Á^ [ ~ Á-^Á Á^ [ ~ Á</p> <p>have a good relationship? Do you say yes as frequently as you could? Do you favour one group over another? Try to get some feedback around how you are perceived in terms of service and discuss with your colleagues or manager.</p>	
<b>Supporting Indicators for Personal Excellence</b>	<b>Planning effectively so that work is delivered and others are not delayed.</b>	
<b>Examples of behaviours that may hinder Personal Excellence</b>	Getting side tracked with other issues and holding others up by not delivering on time.	Being over-ambitious as to what can be delivered in the time-frame, meaning that things can get very stressful at the last minute.
<b>Steps towards development</b>	<p>Consider how you might use project management techniques to improve your planning abilities. Plan time to do your work in your diary at the beginning of the week. Seek out training or look at LinkedIn Learning.</p> <p>Communicate with the team and with anyone that may be impacted by your work. Make sure they are fully informed as to any unavoidable changes in deadline at the earliest point.</p>	
<b>Supporting Indicators for Personal Excellence</b>	<b>Demonstrating interest and flexibility to support work in different areas.</b>	
<b>Examples of behaviours that may hinder Personal Excellence</b>	Being reluctant to get diverted into different areas of work.	Offering so much help that your own work suffers.
<b>Steps towards development</b>	<p>Consider what work you might be interested in doing in the future. While not neglecting ^ [ ~ !Á&amp; [ !^Á , [ !ÉÁ@ [ , Á&amp;æ } Á^ [ ~ Á , } äÁ [ ] ] [ !c ~ } äcä^•Ác [ Á^ç ] æ } äÁ^ [ ~ !Á^ç ] ^!ä^ } &amp;Ác@! [ ~ * @Á • ~ ] [ !cä } * Á , [ !\Áä } Áä~^!^ } cÁæ!^æ•ÑÁÜ ] ^æ\Ác [ Á^ [ ~ !Á { æ } æ * ^!Áæä [ ~ cÁ , } ää } * Á , æ • Ác [ Á { æ \^Á it work for both parties.</p> <p>Adopt a coaching approach if others who continually want your help. Support them to , ) äÁc^Áæ } • , ^!Á [ !Ác [ Áä [ Ác@^Á , [ !ÉÁä ~ cÁä [ Á ] [ cÁ!^ ] ^æc^ä  ^ Áä [ ÁcÁ- [ !Ác@^ { ÉÁÖ } &amp; [ ~ !æ * ÁÄ them to be a bit more independent.</p>	
<b>Supporting Indicators for Personal Excellence</b>	<b>Being committed to eliminating bullying, harassment and discriminatory behaviour.</b>	
<b>Examples of behaviours that may hinder Personal Excellence</b>	Not taking bullying, harassment and discriminatory behaviour seriously.	Speaking out about bullying, harassment and discriminatory behaviour but not contributing to solutions.
<b>Steps towards development</b>	<p>Consistently identify patterns of behaviour that may interfere with productive individual and collective working. Speak out against bullying, harassment and discriminatory à^@æçä [ ~ !ÉÁQ-Á^ [ ~ Áä [ Á ] [ cÁ-^Á Á&amp; [ ] , ä^ } çhc [ Áä [ Ác@ä•Á , äc@Á^ [ ~ !Á { æ } æ * ^!Ác@^ } Ácæ\Ác [ Á^ [ ~ !ÁPÜÁ expert, or go through UCL channels such as 'Report + Support' and 'Full Stop'.</p> <p>Observe your own behaviours – have you ever contributed to a situation that inadvertently disadvantages another colleague? Do you have a pattern of behaviour c@æcÁ { æ^Áä^Á@ä } ä^!ä } * Ác@^Á , [ !\Á [ -Á [ c@^!•ÑÁV@ä } \Áæä [ ~ cÁ@ [ , Á^ [ ~ Á&amp;æ } Á ] [ •äçç^!^Áä } ' ~ ^ } &amp;^Á in large or small ways within your team and model a consistent approach.</p>	

# WORKING TOGETHER

# GRADE 6

<b>Supporting Indicators for Personal Excellence</b>	<b>Building rapport and being comfortable with others across different cultures and backgrounds</b>	
<b>Examples of behaviours that may hinder Working Together</b>	Being hard to approach or not treating groups of people equally and with fairness.	Spending too much time socialising, in a way that impacts work outcomes.
<b>Steps towards development</b>	<p>Building rapport is about relating to, or connecting with others. Being able to work across different groups within and beyond UCL is essential for cultivating a positive environment at work. Rapport and trust are closely linked, and when we feel connected with others and there is a shared vision we are more likely to be successful. Even if you do not believe this is true of yourself, it will be true of others in your team.</p> <p>Think about how you build rapport with others. What do you do to develop key relationships? What steps could make these relationships stronger and more real, whilst keeping it light? Are you aware of how different individuals and groups may prefer to communicate?</p> <p>Make sure your timing is good – chatting to busy people can impact negatively. Asking for feedback in the moment can be helpful– eg is this a good time for a quick conversation? Planning catch-ups in people’s diaries can also be a good approach. Think about what works best in your work environment.</p>	
<b>Supporting Indicators for Personal Excellence</b>	<b>Innovating and sharing with new ways to work efficiently</b>	
<b>Examples of behaviours that may hinder Working Together</b>	Working in isolation and not sharing ideas.	Following own working patterns that do not work for others.
<b>Steps towards development</b>	<p>Doing the job you do puts you in the perfect position for seeing how it can be done better! How often are you frustrated by things that don’t work as well as they could, and what do you do to change the approach? What would work better for you and the team? Think about how you could come up with ideas for doing things differently and eliminating complexities.</p> <p>How does your team share ideas currently? In meetings? In personal conversations? Through online systems? Find the best ways to run ideas past the team, and if there is not already a way to do this - talk to your manager about creating one!</p>	
<b>Supporting Indicators for Personal Excellence</b>	<b>Demonstrating interest in personal development</b>	
<b>Examples of behaviours that may hinder Working Together</b>	Believing personal development isn’t important to progression.	Seeing formal training as the only viable form of development.
<b>Steps towards development</b>	<p>Thinking about personal development isn’t something that should be done once a year in an appraisal setting. Think about your ideal next steps, your CPD plan, and your areas for development, discuss with your manager and build a development plan to work from.</p> <p>Development at UCL is viewed around the 70:20:10 model where 70% of learning is ‘on the job’, 20% is through ‘interactions with others’ and 10% is in ‘formal training’. Ensure that you have a development plan that covers all of these three areas and is linked to your future progression plans. Look at the Career Pathways site on the UCL website for more information. Address them through LinkedIn Learning, formal training, informal coaching/mentoring etc. Check out the UCL Organisational Development pages for ideas. Ensure you can apply learnings to everyday activities.</p>	

<b>Supporting Indicators for Personal Excellence</b>	<b>Understanding other people's perspectives</b>	
<b>Examples of behaviours that may hinder Working Together</b>	Not being open to see other people's points of view.	Being open to understanding to the point that your own perspective is unclear, leading to confusion and indecision.
<b>Steps towards development</b>	<p>People that are strong on emotional intelligence and empathy are quick to understand the perspectives of others. This supports a cohesive and productive work environment, and working in diverse groups is essential.</p> <p>Think about your approach to new ideas, particularly if they do not align with your own positions. How open are you to listening and questioning without pre-judging? Do you have a tendency to judge ideas before you have fully understood them, or that might put you out of your comfort zone. Might they be the basis for overall improvement?</p> <p>Are you open to everyone's ideas or only those from particular groups? Think about how you can positively engage in different ideas before making judgements, and use your own judgement to decide if an idea is worth pursuing.</p>	
<b>Supporting Indicators for Personal Excellence</b>	<b>Proactively seeking feedback on your work.</b>	
<b>Examples of behaviours that may hinder Working Together</b>	Thinking feedback is a criticism and taking it personally.	Looking for feedback so often it affects work performance.
<b>Steps towards development</b>	<p>Seeking and receiving feedback is a great way to understand and progress your development. Feedback can be formal or informal, but creating a strategy to understand how you are receiving it and from whom can be useful. Talk to your manager or key colleagues and stakeholders to constructively discuss their views on your strengths and areas for development.</p> <p>Look for themes in the feedback, and think about whether you can relate to the comments. Build actions into your development plan, and think about how you will</p>	

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Supporting Indicators for Personal Excellence	Taking responsibility for your work	
Examples of behaviours that may <i>hinder</i> Achieving our Mission	Taking little responsibility and blaming others for outcomes.	Being too independent and not asking for help when you need it.
Steps towards development	While your manager or colleague may have accountability for delivery of a wider project, you will have responsibility for delivering your objectives to a certain quality within a certain timeframe. You should be really clear on these objectives and how they	